

THE ADAIR COUNTY NEWS.

VOLUME 4

COLUMBIA, ADAIR COUNTY, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER, 16 1901.

NUMBER 49.

POSTOFFICE DIRECTORY

J. M. Russell, Postmaster.
Office hours, week days, 7:00 a. m. to 9:30 p. m.

COURT DIRECTORY.

Circuit Court.—Three sessions a year—Third Monday in January, third Monday in May and third Monday in September.
Circuit Judge.—W. W. Jones.
Commonwealth's Attorney.—N. H. W. Aaron.
Sheriff.—J. W. Hart.
Clerk.—Jas. B. Coffey.

County Court.—First Monday in each month.
Judge.—J. W. Butler.
County Attorney.—Jas. G. Gentry, Jr.
Clerk.—T. R. Stultz.
Assessor.—G. A. Bradshaw.
Surveyor.—R. T. McCallister.
School Supt.—W. D. Jones.
Coroner.—Leonard Fletcher.

City Court.—Regular court, second Monday in each month.
Judge.—J. W. Atkins.
Clerk.—Gordon Montgomery.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

PRESBYTERIAN.

BURKSVILLE STREET.—Rev. T. F. Walton, pastor. Services second and fourth Sundays in each month. Sunday-school at 9 a. m. every Sabbath. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night.

METHODIST.

BURKSVILLE STREET.—Rev. W. P. Gordon, pastor. Services first Sunday in each month. Sunday-school every Sabbath at 9 a. m. Prayer meeting Tuesday night.

BAPTIST.

GREENSBORO STREET.—Rev. W. B. Cave, pastor. Services third Sunday in each month. Sunday-school every Sabbath at 9 a. m. Prayer meeting Tuesday night.

CHRISTIAN.

CAMPBELLVILLE PIKE.—Ed. Z. T. Williams, pastor. Services first Sunday in each month. Sunday-school every Sabbath at 9 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday night.

LODGES.

MASONIC.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 96, F. and A. M.—Regular meeting in their hall, over bank, on Friday night or before the full moon in each month.
G. A. Knapp, W. M.
T. R. Stultz, Sec'y.
COLUMBIA CHAPTER, R. A. M., No. 7. Meets first Monday night in each month.
Jas. Gentry, Jr., H. F. W. W. Bradshaw, Secretary.

New Carriage and Wagon Shop.

I have leased the R. C. Eubank shop and will give Carriage & Wagon Work special attention. Work done by me will be first-class. Produce taken in return for work.
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Osteopathy.

Dr. A. C. Foster, a graduate of the Southern School of Osteopathy, is now located in Columbia for the practice of his profession. Osteopathy is comparatively new in this part of the State, but having been practiced in other parts of the United States for more than twenty years, I judge most every one has heard of its wonderful success with cases that heretofore have been incurable by other systems of healing. Osteopathy treats most all forms of chronic cases known to be curable, and some that were thought to be incurable before the days of Osteopathy. It has attained a most enviable reputation in the treatment of fevers, most especially typhoid. Osteopathy bears no relation whatever to Christian Science, Magnetic healing or faith cure, but is scientific, being based upon thorough knowledge of the principles of anatomy and physiology.

Those who are suffering with diseases from which they can get no relief by the use of drugs, would do well to investigate the possibilities of Osteopathy in the cure of disease. Consultation and examination can be had free by calling upon

DR. A. C. FOSTER,
Office in Marcum Hotel, Columbia, Kentucky.

Hogs and Corn.

The shortage of the corn crop in the drouth section is likely to interfere with the plans and profits of the hog raiser. While in the past years we have been long on corn and short on hogs, this year we are likely to be short on corn and long on hogs. What must be done under the circumstances must be decided by each individual in the light of the conditions existing on his own farm. We urge farmers not to become panicky, nor to sacrifice hogs until they are sure that this sacrifice is necessary. Hogs are high now and the drouth, by decreasing the amount of feed, and in many sections forcing immature hogs on the market, will maintain high prices for a year to come. We hear of buyers who are willing to contract hogs for January 1 at 6 cents a pound at the station. This may be taken as their judgment of the price that hogs will bring. If the great strike now in progress should continue for several months, so that laboring men will not have the means to buy pork to eat, it would have the effect of decreasing the price; but in view of the high prices that have prevailed for the past year it will require some very serious disaster in the commercial world to reduce the demand and the price.

In the drouth-stricken sections wheat and rye at current prices are likely to be about as cheap feed as corn for hogs up to within the last six weeks or two months of feeding. During this latter period there is no feed on the farm as cheap as corn at the price and corn should be fed unhesitatingly to hogs in the finishing stages. The farmer need have no hesitation in feeding fifty-cent corn to hogs for which he can expect 6 cents a pound when fattened. They have been grown to some extent on grass, and he is as likely to make as much money feeding 50-cent corn to 6-cent hogs, as in feeding 25-cent corn to 4-cent hogs. Where farmers are growing sorghum they can save a good deal of money by feeding it freely to hogs in connection with screenings or cheap wheat or rye.

Farmers should not by any means sacrifice their best brood sows. Each individual can very safely conclude that a large sacrifice will be made and that good brood sows will bring large money next spring if sold, and large profits if bred judiciously and kept over another year. The serious one, but it is not nearly so serious as many that all our readers have seen. The bright feature of it is the assured high price of hogs and the probability that that there will be much less cholera this year than in the years past. A short corn crop usually means a small amount of cholera in the hog sections.—Wallace's Farmer.

Stood Death Off.

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a brave digger. He said: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digestion, regulates the liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints, gives perfect health. Only 50c at E. B. Paul's drugstore.

Durbin Investigating.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 6.—Among the letters that Gov. Durbin has received from persons protesting against the extradition of W. S. Taylor and Chas. Finley, of Kentucky, are a number which charge that the refugees could not get a fair trial because the system under which juries are impaneled in Kentucky enables the authorities to select a jury prejudiced in favor of or against the defendant as may be desired. It is charged that while the law on its face is fair it is unfair in practice and that Taylor and Finley, no matter how innocent of the crime with which they are charged, would certainly be convicted.

The representations have so impressed the Governor, he has sent an agent to Kentucky to investigate the methods of drawing and impaneling juries in that State, and has charged him to make the investigation thorough and report the facts fully as he finds them. The Governor's agent will keep his mission secret, and only the persons he consults in Kentucky will know what the investigations are for. It is said that the Governor's agent is a lawyer and well equipped for the mission he has undertaken to perform.

Gov. Durbin may send Merrill Moore, Deputy Attorney General of Indiana, to make the investigation. That it will be Mr. Moore's is a surprise, but the information comes from a reliable source. It is said prominent Republicans will meet the man sent and afford him every facility for learning the truth about the jury system.

Gov. Durbin, it is said, believes that if the bi-partisan method of selecting juries in Indiana was in vogue in Kentucky there would be less hesitancy in sending Taylor and Finley back for trial.

Punish for Treachery.

President Roosevelt's determination to impose a swift and stern retribution on the Filipino insurgents in the island of Samar who recently massacred almost an entire company of the Ninth regular infantry is justified by the tragic facts in the case.

Surprising the American troops was accomplished purely by treachery. The condition of war did not exist in Samar. There was no enemy to be guarded against. Our soldiers were occupying the territory while the American civil government was being established. The natives had professed friendship for them and content with American rule. It is reasonably certain that the "amigos" thus professing friendship who massacred the Americans the next.

It is imperative that an example be made of these Samar murderers. If this is not done, and thoroughly done, the fate which overtook Company C of the Ninth regulars, one of the best regiments in our service, will surely overtake other American soldiers in the Philippines. As it is, every malcontent in the Philippines is gloating over the great Filipino "victory" against American arms. They will be tremendously encouraged by the bloody feat of the Samar tribe. They must be promptly discouraged by the punishment inflicted upon that tribe.

It is announced from Washington that Gen. Chaffee will be instructed to begin a strenuous campaign in Samar. It is likely that Chaffee will do his full duty in the premises. Considerations of justice, as well as a proper regard for the prestige of American arms, demand this performance of duty. The American people will applaud the performance.

Came Near Dying.

"For three days and nights I suffered agony untold from an attack of cholera morbus brought on by eating cucumbers," says M. E. Lowther, clerk of the district court, Centerville, Iowa. "I thought I would surely die, and tried a dozen different medicines but all to no purpose. I sent for a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and three doses relieved me entirely. I went to sleep and did not awake for eight hours. On awakening a few hours ago I felt so gratified that the first work I do on going to the office is to write to the manufacturers of this remedy and offer them my grateful thanks and say, 'God bless you and the splendid medicine you make.' This remedy is for sale by M. Cravens."

Quarterly meeting of the M. E. Church South will be held at Cane Valley the 19th and 20th of this month.

A Christmas Tragedy.

A reader of the Courier-Journal sends the following from the Courier-Journal about twenty years ago. Age has not spoiled the fine flavor of the story:

"Up in Clay county, once upon a time, a Christmas frolic ended in a tragedy," says the Richmond Register. Old Mrs. Pillpott was a witness. "Tell us about the fight," said the lawyer. "I never seed no fight," replied the old lady. "Well then, tell us what you did see," remarked the lawyer in a careless sort of way, thinking she knew nothing. Mrs. Pillpott moved her sunbonnet back, lit her pipe and proceeded. "Cy Sewell, he give a Christmas dance, and me and a whole lot of others was thar. The boys and gals got to dancing, and as the boys went dancin' round and round they got to slappin' each other, an' finally one boy he slapped another boy too hard—harder than he 'loud to—an' knocked him down. An' the boy what got knocked down he jumped up an' jerked out a great big knife, 'bout long as your arm, 'an' whacked the feller that knocked him down right across the middle, from side to side. An' then the brother of the feller what got cut he pulled a British bull-dog 'bout the size of a ham an' he let go six 44's right square at the feller that had the knife, an' jes' then Bill Smiley—Bill's a cousin of Jake Haynes what got shot—come runnin' out'n old man Sewell's room with a double-barrel shotgun, an' let off both barrels into the crowd; an' old man Sewell, he got excited and jerked a Winchester rifle out'n from under the bed an' went to pumpin' lead into the gang; an' by that time the house was full o' smoke, an' flashin' an' holerin', an' I seed thar was goin' to be a fight, an' I left the house."—Courier Journal.

The Ideal Master.

The Grand Master of Utah has this to say about the authority and desirable qualifications of a Worshipful Master:

"The ancient regulations have bestowed upon the Master of a lodge the power of a king, and if he uses the power intelligently and zealously, the lodge and the craft in general will be benefitted by it. In my opinion the brother who occupies the oriental chair should be able to confer the degrees of Ancient Craft Masonry correctly, according to the standard adopted by the Grand Lodge; but he should also be versed in Masonic history, and capable of explaining to the brethren the meaning of the various symbols connected with those degrees. He should be familiar with the by-laws of his lodge, the laws of the Grand Lodge, and the general regulations of Masonry; and when presiding should enforce them.

"When the lodge is at labor he should insist that dignity and decorum be observed, and should not permit hilly heated discussions, or any debates by which the peace and harmony of the lodge might be destroyed. He should reconcile brethren among whom contentions exist. He should be firm in his rulings, not hasty and overbearing, but courteous. He should welcome visitors, and extend to them the warm hand of a brother Mason. He should always bear in mind that Masonry is labor, and that no Mason can attain any distinction among the Craft unless he is a faithful laborer and Masonic student. He should be prompt in attendance, and insist upon a like promptitude on the part of his fellow officers and all the brethren.

"The distressed and needy of his lodge should never apply to him in vain; his heart should always be warm, and he should ever bear in mind that 'the greatest of all is charity.' But above all he should be himself a perfect gentleman, moral, true and upright; in his daily walks of life he should be without reproach, and should ever deport himself so that his brethren can point to him with pride, and that his fellow-citizens must honor and respect him. A brother with these qualifications will be an ideal Master. If you have, re-elect him again and again, and as often as he is willing to serve your lodge in the high and honorable station of Worshipful Master."

For SALE.—Three shoats, will weigh from 100 to 200 pounds.
Kittie Smith, Gradyville, Ky.

The Goldman Woman.

Emma Goldman, from whom Czolgosz says he received the impulse to murder the President, is about 35 years old, the daughter of a Russian tailor. Without education, she was brought up in a hot-bed of anarchy, near Koon, in Russia.

She came to this country seventeen years ago and married a man by the name of Gruenebaum, with whom she lived in Rochester. She deserted him after a year and a half and followed Louis Bernstein, an anarchist, to this city. Since then she has had many partners, disregard of the marriage tie being part of her doctrine.

Assuming the name of Goldman, she joined an anarchistic group known as the Pioneers of Liberty. Her language was so violent that they expelled her. She associated herself later with the German anarchists and wrote signed articles for "Die Freiheit," John Most's paper. She quarreled with Most, and on December 13, 1892, lashed him with a whip as he was about to speak in Odd Fellow's Hall.

Alexander Berkman, with whom she lived, shot Henry C. Frick at the Carnegie works. Both she and Berkman then joined the extreme wing of the anarchists. She was arrested for inciting to riot in 1893 and served a year's term on Blackwell's Island. While there she began to study medicine and took a degree after her release. She left this city several months ago.

She speaks several languages, but her tirades are merely denunciations of capital and the laws of society, without logic or argument.—New York Herald.

Lack of Uniformity.

The traveled Mason realizes how entirely dissimilar is the ceremonial ritualism of the symbolic lodges of the United States. There are no two jurisdictions at present using the same ritual, and so much do they differ that the "bright" worker in one State could not, and hardly would attempt to "help out" in the degree work of another State. That this should not be the condition all Masons agree, but none can point the remedy, because there is not, and probably never will be, a general governing body of symbolic Masonry in this country. Referring to this subject Past Grand Master Daniel McDonald, Chairman of the Committee on Correspondence of Indiana says, in his last annual report:

"Within the tiled precincts of the lodges we have found more difference in the ceremonial ritual than in almost any other department of the order. Almost every jurisdiction wants a ritual peculiar to itself, and very few Grand Lodges ever succeed in arranging a work that is satisfactory, and so committees on ritual, and Grand Lecturers, are continually tinkering with it, making it utterly impossible that uniformity will ever be reached. If there is anything that should be the same everywhere it is the ritual. The work in every jurisdiction should be the same, and every Mason should be made exactly the same. Judging from what we have been able to observe of the ceremonies in some jurisdictions, it would be difficult for one to determine whether he was in a Masonic, Odd Fellows or Knights of Pythias Lodge.

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Eating sores, swellings, falling hair, mucous patches, ulcers, scrofula, aching bones and joints, itching skin, boils, pimples, etc., by taking Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.), made especially to cure malignant blood and skin troubles. B. B. B. heals every sore and makes the blood pure and rich. Over 3000 cures of worst and most obstinate cases by taking B. B. B. Druggists, \$1. Describe trouble and trial bottle sent free by writing to Blood Balm Co. Atlanta, Ga.

The Yellow River is styled the "Sorrow of China." During the last century it has changed its source twenty-two times, and flows into the sea through a mouth 600 miles distant from that of 100 years ago. It is estimated that its floods in the present century have cost China 11,000,000 lives.

A Shocking Calamity.

"Lately befell a railroad laborer," writes Dr. A. Kellef, of Williford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It's simply wonderful for Burns, Boils, Piles and all skin eruptions. It's the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by T. E. Paul.

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